

## LM231A/LM231/LM331A/LM331 Precision Voltage-to-Frequency Converters

### General Description

The LM231/LM331 family of voltage-to-frequency converters are ideally suited for use in simple low-cost circuits for analog-to-digital conversion, precision frequency-to-voltage conversion, long-term integration, linear frequency modulation or demodulation, and many other functions. The output when used as a voltage-to-frequency converter is a pulse train at a frequency precisely proportional to the applied input voltage. Thus, it provides all the inherent advantages of the voltage-to-frequency conversion techniques, and is easy to apply in all standard voltage-to-frequency converter applications. Further, the LM231A/LM331A attain a new high level of accuracy versus temperature which could only be attained with expensive voltage-to-frequency modules. Additionally the LM231/331 are ideally suited for use in digital systems at low power supply voltages and can provide low-cost analog-to-digital conversion in microprocessor-controlled systems. And, the frequency from a battery powered voltage-to-frequency converter can be easily channeled through a simple photoisolator to provide isolation against high common mode levels.

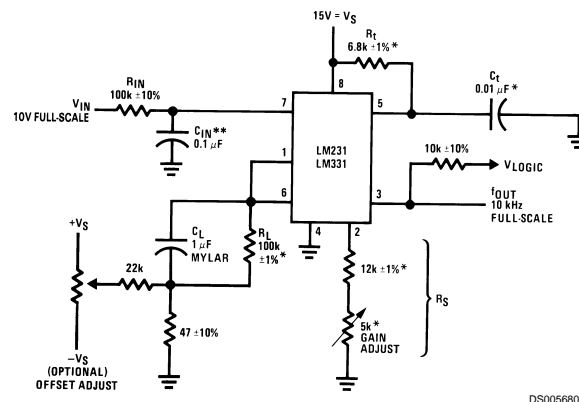
The LM231/LM331 utilize a new temperature-compensated band-gap reference circuit, to provide excellent accuracy

over the full operating temperature range, at power supplies as low as 4.0V. The precision timer circuit has low bias currents without degrading the quick response necessary for 100 kHz voltage-to-frequency conversion. And the output are capable of driving 3 TTL loads, or a high voltage output up to 40V, yet is short-circuit-proof against  $V_{CC}$ .

### Features

- Guaranteed linearity 0.01% max
- Improved performance in existing voltage-to-frequency conversion applications
- Split or single supply operation
- Operates on single 5V supply
- Pulse output compatible with all logic forms
- Excellent temperature stability,  $\pm 50$  ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  max
- Low power dissipation, 15 mW typical at 5V
- Wide dynamic range, 100 dB min at 10 kHz full scale frequency
- Wide range of full scale frequency, 1 Hz to 100 kHz
- Low cost

### Typical Applications



DS005680-1

$$f_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{V_{\text{IN}}}{2.09 \text{ V}} \cdot \frac{R_{\text{S}}}{R_{\text{L}}} \cdot \frac{1}{R_{\text{T}} C_{\text{T}}}$$

\*Use stable components with low temperature coefficients. See Typical Applications section.

\*\*0.1 $\mu\text{F}$  or 1 $\mu\text{F}$ , See "Principles of Operation."

**FIGURE 1. Simple Stand-Alone Voltage-to-Frequency Converter with  $\pm 0.03\%$  Typical Linearity ( $f = 10$  Hz to 11 kHz)**

Teflon<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of DuPont

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

	LM231A/LM231	LM331A/LM331
Supply Voltage	40V	40V
Output Short Circuit to Ground	Continuous	Continuous
Output Short Circuit to $V_{CC}$	Continuous	Continuous
Input Voltage	-0.2V to $+V_S$	-0.2V to $+V_S$
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	$T_{MIN}$ $T_{MAX}$ -25°C to +85°C	$T_{MIN}$ $T_{MAX}$ 0°C to +70°C
Power Dissipation ( $P_D$ at 25°C) and Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{jA}$ ) (N Package) $P_D$ $\theta_{jA}$	1.25W 100°C/W	1.25W 100°C/W
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) Dual-In-Line Package (Plastic)	260°C	260°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 4) N Package	500V	500V

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified (Note 2)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
VFC Non-Linearity (Note 3)	$4.5V \leq V_S \leq 20V$		$\pm 0.003$	$\pm 0.01$	% Full-Scale
	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$		$\pm 0.006$	$\pm 0.02$	% Full-Scale
VFC Non-Linearity In Circuit of Figure 1	$V_S = 15V$ , $f = 10\text{ Hz to } 11\text{ kHz}$		$\pm 0.024$	$\pm 0.14$	% Full-Scale
Conversion Accuracy Scale Factor (Gain) LM231, LM231A LM331, LM331A	$V_{IN} = -10V$ , $R_S = 14\text{ k}\Omega$	0.95	1.00	1.05	kHz/V
		0.90	1.00	1.10	kHz/V
Temperature Stability of Gain LM231/LM331 LM231A/LM331A	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$ , $4.5V \leq V_S \leq 20V$		$\pm 30$	$\pm 150$	ppm/°C
			$\pm 20$	$\pm 50$	ppm/°C
Change of Gain with $V_S$	$4.5V \leq V_S \leq 10V$		0.01	0.1	%/V
	$10V \leq V_S \leq 40V$		0.006	0.06	%/V
Rated Full-Scale Frequency	$V_{IN} = -10V$	10.0			kHz
Gain Stability vs Time (1000 Hrs)	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$		$\pm 0.02$		% Full-Scale
Overrange (Beyond Full-Scale) Frequency	$V_{IN} = -11V$	10			%
<b>INPUT COMPARATOR</b>					
Offset Voltage LM231/LM331 LM231A/LM331A	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$		$\pm 3$	$\pm 10$	mV
			$\pm 4$	$\pm 14$	mV
			$\pm 3$	$\pm 10$	mV
Bias Current			-80	-300	nA
Offset Current			$\pm 8$	$\pm 100$	nA
Common-Mode Range	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$	-0.2		$V_{CC}-2.0$	V
<b>TIMER</b>					
Timer Threshold Voltage, Pin 5		0.63	0.667	0.70	$\times V_S$
Input Bias Current, Pin 5 All Devices LM231/LM331 LM231A/LM331A	$V_S = 15V$ $0V \leq V_{PIN 5} \leq 9.9V$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 100$	nA
			200	1000	nA
			200	500	nA